

## Staff Report to the St. Petersburg Community Planning & Preservation Commission

Prepared by the Planning & Development Services Department, Urban Planning and Historic Preservation Division

For Public Hearing on Tuesday, August 10, 2021 at 2:00 p.m. in the City Council Chambers, City Hall, 175 Fifth Street North, St. Petersburg, Florida.

## City File: LGCP 2021-02

**Private Property Rights, HB 59** 

This is a City-initiated application requesting that the Community Planning and Preservation Commission ("CPPC"), in its capacity as the Local Planning Agency ("LPA"), make a finding of consistency with the Comprehensive Plan and recommend to City Council **APPROVAL** of the following text amendments to the Comprehensive Plan pertaining to House Bill 59 (effective July 1, 2021), which requires all local governments to adopt into their Comprehensive Plans a new property rights element along with a model statement of private property rights.

## APPLICANT INFORMATION

**APPLICANT:** City of St. Petersburg

175 5<sup>th</sup> Street North

St. Petersburg, Florida 33712

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## **INTRODUCTION**

The 2021 Florida legislative session passed House Bill 59 (SB 496) sponsored by Representative Stan McClain (District 23) that was signed by the Governor on June 29, 2021 with an effective date of July 1, 2021. Among other items, the bill amends Section 163.3177 F.S. requiring all local governments to adopt a property rights element into their Comprehensive Plan prior to adopting a plan amendment initiated after July 1, 2021. This new property rights element is to incorporate a set of model private property rights statements that are provided for in the bill.

### **REQUEST**

The City is requesting a text amendment to the Comprehensive Plan that will incorporate the addition of a new chapter, chapter 15, titled "Property Rights" in order to be compliant with Florida Statutes Section 163.3177 recently amended by HB 59. The amended statute requires this new element to incorporate the below model language that includes the following four acknowledgments to ensure that private property rights are considered in the local decision-making process:

- the right of a property owner to physically possess and control his or her interests in the property, including easements, leases, or mineral rights;
- the right of a property owner to use, maintain, develop, and improve his or her property for personal use or the use of any other person, subject to state law and local ordinances;
- the right of the property owner to privacy and to exclude others from the property to protect the owner's possessions and property; and
- the right of the property owner to dispose of his or her property through sale or gift.

#### BACKGROUND

The model statements of property rights provided by HB 59 is largely duplicative of rights already protected by the Constitutions of both the United States and the State of Florida as well as Florida's Bert Harris Act. However, sponsors of various versions of the bill assert that by requiring the placement of these statements into local Comprehensive Plans, of which all local government land development regulations must be consistent with, it will ensure that local government entities will "respect judicially acknowledged and constitutionally protected private property rights" granted by the US and State Constitutions (see Attachment 1).

#### LGCP 2021-01: PROPOSED COMPREHENSIVE PLAN TEXT AMENDMENT

Chapter 15, Property Rights Element is proposed for inclusion as a new element and to be added to the table of contents, where amendments are made below in strike through and underline format as follows:

#### Sections:

Chapter 15, Property Rights Element

15.1 Introduction

15.2 Goals, Objectives and Policies

**ISSUE: Private Property Rights** 

#### 15.1 Introduction

The mandatory requirement for all local jurisdictions to adopt a Property Rights Element into their Comprehensive Plans became effective on July 1, 2021 for the purpose of insuring that private property rights are considered in local decision making.

#### 15.2 Goals, Objectives and Policies

GOAL PR: In accordance with the legislative intent expressed in Sections 163.3161(10) and 187.101(3), Florida Statutes, this Comprehensive Plan shall respect judicially acknowledged and constitutionally protected private property rights.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> House Bill 49 page 3 line 62

## **ISSUE: Private Property Rights**

Private property rights are protected by the Constitutions of both the United States and the State of Florida as well as Florida's Bert Harris Act. In 2021 the Florida State Legislature passed House Bill 59 which requires the addition of a Private Property Rights Element to include the placement of private property rights statements into local Comprehensive Plans so as to ensure that local government entities will "respect judicially acknowledged and constitutionally protected private property rights" granted by the US and State Constitutions.

**OBJECTIVE PR1:** The following statements of private property rights shall be considered in local decision making.

Policy PR1.1	The right of a property owner to physically possess and control his or her interests in the property, including easements, leases, or mineral rights.
Policy PR1.2	The right of a property owner to use, maintain, develop, and improve his or her property for personal use or the use of any other person, subject to state law and local ordinances.
Policy PR1.3	The right of the property owner to privacy and to exclude others from the property to protect the owner's possessions and property.
Policy PR1.4	The right of a property owner to dispose of his or her property through sale or gift.

#### **CONSISTENCY** with the COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

The proposed Comprehensive Plan text amendment does not conflict with any current goals, objectives or policies.

## **PUBLIC NOTICE**

Public hearing notice was published in the Tampa Bay Times on Wednesday, July 28, 2021 in accordance with Florida Statutes, Section 163.3174(1).

#### **PUBLIC HEARING PROCESS**

The proposed ordinance associated with the Comprehensive Plan text amendment requires one (1) public hearing before the Community Planning & Preservation Commission (CPPC) and two (2) City Council public hearings. The amendment will also be transmitted for expedited state, regional and county review. Forward Pinellas will review the Comprehensive Plan text amendment for consistency with the Countywide Rules.

#### **SUMMARY**

Based upon the analysis contained in this report, City staff finds the proposed text amendments to be internally consistent with the Comprehensive Plan and necessary to achieve compliance with Florida Statutes Section 163.3177.

## RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends that the Community Planning and Preservation Commission, in its capacity as the Local Planning Agency, make a finding of consistency with the Comprehensive Plan and recommend to City Council **APPROVAL** of the Comprehensive Plan text amendments described herein.

## **ATTACHMENTS**

1. HB 59



# **ATTACHMENT NO. 1**

HB 59

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2021 Legislature

1 2 An act relating to growth management; amending s. 3 163.3167, F.S.; specifying requirements for certain 4 comprehensive plans effective, rather than adopted, 5 after a specified date and for associated land 6 development regulations; amending s. 163.3177, F.S.; 7 requiring local governments to include a property 8 rights element in their comprehensive plans; providing 9 a statement of rights which a local government may 10 use; requiring a local government to adopt a property rights element by the earlier of its adoption of its 11 12 next proposed plan amendment initiated after a certain date or the next scheduled evaluation and appraisal of 13 14 its comprehensive plan; prohibiting a local government's property rights element from conflicting 15 with the statement of rights contained in the act; 16 17 amending s. 163.3237, F.S.; providing that the consent of certain property owners is not required for 18 19 development agreement changes under certain circumstances; providing an exception; amending s. 20 21 337.25, F.S.; requiring the Department of Transportation to afford a right of first refusal to 22 23 certain individuals under specified circumstances; providing requirements and procedures for the right of 24 25 first refusal; amending s. 380.06, F.S.; authorizing

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certain developments of regional impact agreements to be amended under certain circumstances; providing retroactive applicability; providing a declaration of important state interest; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 163.3167, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.3167 Scope of act.-

(3) A municipality established after the effective date of this act shall, within 1 year after incorporation, establish a local planning agency, pursuant to s. 163.3174, and prepare and adopt a comprehensive plan of the type and in the manner set out in this act within 3 years after the date of such incorporation. A county comprehensive plan is controlling until the municipality adopts a comprehensive plan in accordance with this act. A comprehensive plan for a newly incorporated municipality which becomes effective adopted after January 1, 2016 2019, and all land development regulations adopted to implement the comprehensive plan must incorporate each development order existing before the comprehensive plan's effective date, may not impair the completion of a development in accordance with such existing development order, and must vest the density and intensity approved by such development order existing on the

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51	effective	date	of	the	compr	eher	nsiv	re pla	n w	ithout	limit	tatio	on	or
52	modificati	lon.												
53	Secti	ion 2.	Ε	Parag	raph	(i)	is	added	to	subsec	ction	(6)	of	

Section 2. Paragraph (i) is added to subsection (6) of section 163.3177, Florida Statutes, to read:

163.3177 Required and optional elements of comprehensive plan; studies and surveys.—

- (6) In addition to the requirements of subsections (1)(5), the comprehensive plan shall include the following elements:
- (i)1. In accordance with the legislative intent expressed in ss. 163.3161(10) and 187.101(3) that governmental entities respect judicially acknowledged and constitutionally protected private property rights, each local government shall include in its comprehensive plan a property rights element to ensure that private property rights are considered in local decisionmaking. A local government may adopt its own property rights element or use the following statement of rights:

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The following rights shall be considered in local decisionmaking:

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1. The right of a property owner to physically possess and control his or her interests in the property, including easements, leases, or mineral rights.

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77	2. The right of a property owner to use, maintain,
78	develop, and improve his or her property for personal
79	use or for the use of any other person, subject to
80	state law and local ordinances.
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82	3. The right of the property owner to privacy and to
83	exclude others from the property to protect the
84	owner's possessions and property.
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86	4. The right of a property owner to dispose of his or
87	her property through sale or gift.
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89	2. Each local government must adopt a property rights
90	element in its comprehensive plan by the earlier of the date of
91	its adoption of its next proposed plan amendment that is
92	initiated after July 1, 2021, or the date of the next scheduled
93	evaluation and appraisal of its comprehensive plan pursuant to
94	s. 163.3191. If a local government adopts its own property
95	rights element, the element may not conflict with the statement
96	of rights provided in subparagraph 1.
97	Section 3. Section 163.3237, Florida Statutes, is amended
98	to read:
99	163.3237 Amendment or cancellation of a development
100	agreement.—A development agreement may be amended or canceled by

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mutual consent of the parties to the agreement or by their successors in interest. A party or its designated successor in interest to a development agreement and a local government may amend or cancel a development agreement without securing the consent of other parcel owners whose property was originally subject to the development agreement, unless the amendment or cancellation directly modifies the allowable uses or entitlements of such owners' property.

Section 4. Subsection (4) of section 337.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

337.25 Acquisition, lease, and disposal of real and personal property.—

(4) The department may convey, in the name of the state, any land, building, or other property, real or personal, which was acquired under subsection (1) and which the department has determined is not needed for the construction, operation, and maintenance of a transportation facility. When such a determination has been made, property may be disposed of through negotiations, sealed competitive bids, auctions, or any other means the department deems to be in its best interest, with due advertisement for property valued by the department at greater than \$10,000. A sale may not occur at a price less than the department's current estimate of value, except as provided in paragraphs (a)-(d). The department may afford a right of first refusal to the local government or other political subdivision

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in the jurisdiction in which the parcel is situated, except in a conveyance transacted under paragraph (a), paragraph (c), or paragraph (e). Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, before any conveyance under this subsection may be made, except a conveyance under paragraph (a) or paragraph (c), the department shall first afford a right of first refusal to the previous property owner for the department's current estimate of value of the property. The right of first refusal must be made in writing and sent to the previous owner via certified mail or hand delivery, effective upon receipt. The right of first refusal must provide the previous owner with a minimum of 30 days to exercise the right in writing and must be sent to the originator of the offer by certified mail or hand delivery, effective upon dispatch. If the previous owner exercises his or her right of first refusal, the previous owner has a minimum of 90 days to close on the property. The right of first refusal set forth in this subsection may not be required for the disposal of property acquired more than 10 years before the date of disposition by the department.

(a) If the property has been donated to the state for transportation purposes and a transportation facility has not been constructed for at least 5 years, plans have not been prepared for the construction of such facility, and the property is not located in a transportation corridor, the governmental entity may authorize reconveyance of the donated property for no

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consideration to the original donor or the donor's heirs, successors, assigns, or representatives.

- (b) If the property is to be used for a public purpose, the property may be conveyed without consideration to a governmental entity.
- (c) If the property was originally acquired specifically to provide replacement housing for persons displaced by transportation projects, the department may negotiate for the sale of such property as replacement housing. As compensation, the state shall receive at least its investment in such property or the department's current estimate of value, whichever is lower. It is expressly intended that this benefit be extended only to persons actually displaced by the project. Dispositions to any other person must be for at least the department's current estimate of value.
- (d) If the department determines that the property requires significant costs to be incurred or that continued ownership of the property exposes the department to significant liability risks, the department may use the projected maintenance costs over the next 10 years to offset the property's value in establishing a value for disposal of the property, even if that value is zero.
- (e) If, at the discretion of the department, a sale to a person other than an abutting property owner would be inequitable, the property may be sold to the abutting owner for

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176 the department's current estimate of value.

Section 5. Paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section 380.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 380.06 Developments of regional impact.
- (4) LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEVELOPMENT ORDER.-
- (d) Any agreement entered into by the state land planning agency, the developer, and the local government with respect to an approved development of regional impact previously classified as essentially built out, or any other official determination that an approved development of regional impact is essentially built out, remains valid unless it expired on or before April 6, 2018, and may be amended pursuant to the processes adopted by the local government for amending development orders. Any such agreement or amendment may authorize the developer to exchange approved land uses, subject to demonstrating that the exchange will not increase impacts to public facilities. This paragraph applies to all such agreements and amendments effective on or after April 6, 2018.
- Section 6. The Legislature finds and declares that this act fulfills an important state interest.
  - Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

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